

This presentation is from the 2008 Integrated EA Conference

The 2009 event will be held Feb 24-25

see www.integrated-ea.com

Integrated Enterprise Architecture Conference

6 -7 February, 2008

A Case Study in Using SysML for Model Driven Enterprise Architectures

Ron Williamson, Ph.D.
Engineering Fellow

Ron_C_Williamson@raytheon.com

Raytheon Company

Network Centric Systems
California Engineering

Acknowledgements

Ian Bailey – Model Futures Ltd., M3 Example

Sandy Friedenthal – LMCO, SysML Feedback

Andrius Strazdas – No Magic, MagicDraw support

Abstract

- The need for model driven approaches to address the challenges in Enterprise and System of Systems Architectures is addressed in this case study of SysML and MODAF.
- Alternative viewpoints are illustrated for representing Enterprise Architectures using SysML.
- Several SysML features including Block, FlowPort, Item flow, Allocation, Parametrics and Requirements are mapped to the MODAF meta-model and illustrated via examples derived from MODAF documentation.
- The benefits of using a SysML for Enterprise Architecture modeling are explored.
- The case study compares and contrasts SysML features with other domain specific languages tailored for Enterprise Modeling.

Agenda

- Introduction
- Background
 - Zachman and TOGAF
 - MoDAF
 - SysML
- Case Study Perspectives
 - Contextual, Structural, Behavioral, and Parametrics
- SysML Model Summary
 - Enterprise Models from Each Perspective
- Conclusions

Introduction

- A Few Assumptions From A System Engineering Perspective
 - Consider an Enterprise as a System
 - System Engineering Best Practices apply to Enterprise Analysis and Architecting
 - The Operational/Logical Architecture
Focus on the “What”
 - The Solution/Physical Architecture
Focus on the “How”
 - System Architecture and subsequent design specifies the Hardware and Software
Focus on the instantiation of the “What” and “How”
 - Model Based System Engineering balances Abstraction and Rigor
 - Use IEEE 1471 Viewpoint and View Model to manage these perspectives

Background – Zachman Framework

■ Interrogatives

- Who, What, When, Where, Why and How

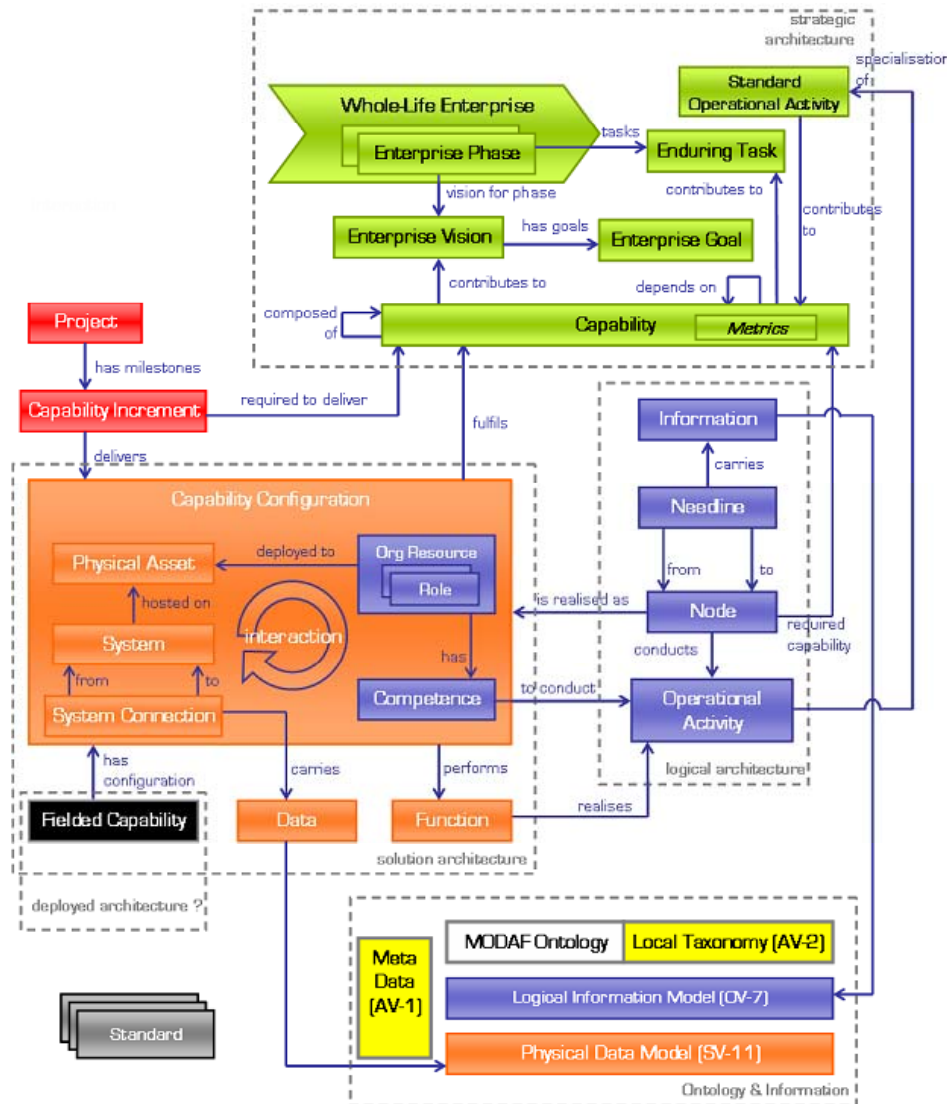
■ Perspectives

- Scope (Contextual), Business Model (Conceptual), System Model (Logical), Technology Model (Physical), Detailed Representation (“Out of Context” Physical Instantiation), Functioning Enterprise
- Consistent with the IEEE 1471 based SysML Viewpoint/View model

■ Stakeholders

- Planner → Contextual
- Owner → Conceptual
- Designer → Logical
- Builder → Physical
- Sub Contractor → Physical Instantiation

Background – MoDAF

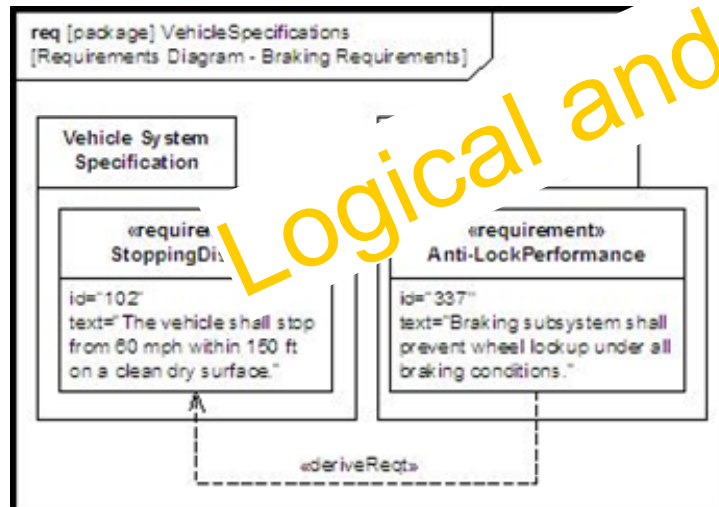
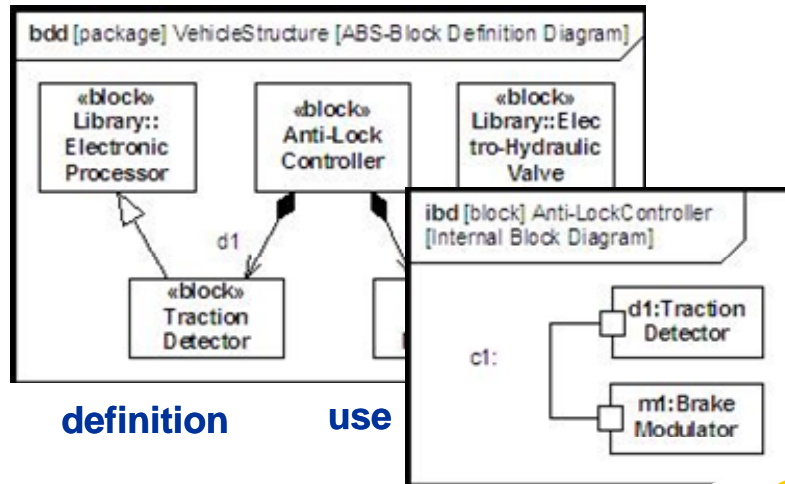


■ Enhances and Clarifies DoDAF 1.x

- **Strategic** Capability Perspective
 - Ability to Deliver an Effect
 - Capabilities and Processes
- **Logical** / Operational Perspective
 - Mission or Business Scenarios
 - Nodes and Operational Activities
- Resource **Solution** Perspective
 - Structure and Behavior
 - Organizational Resources, Systems and System Functions
- **Acquisition** Perspective
 - Time Phased
 - Projects, Milestones and Capability Increments

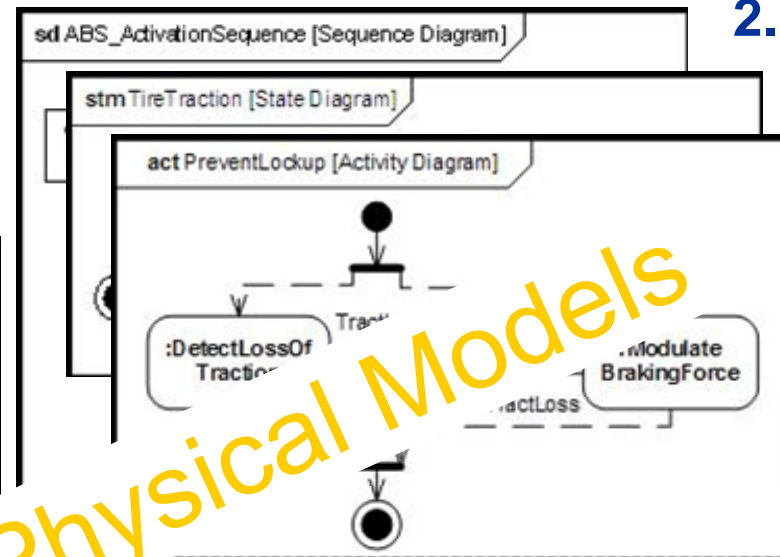
Background – SysML

1. Structure

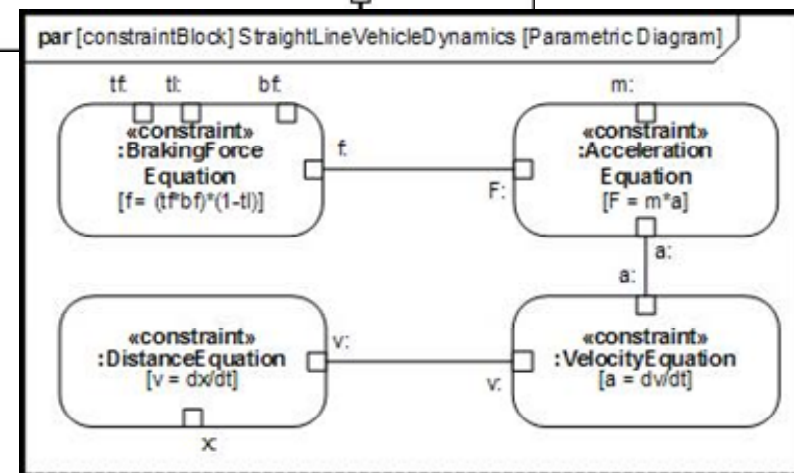


3. Requirements

2. Behavior



interaction
state machine
activity/function

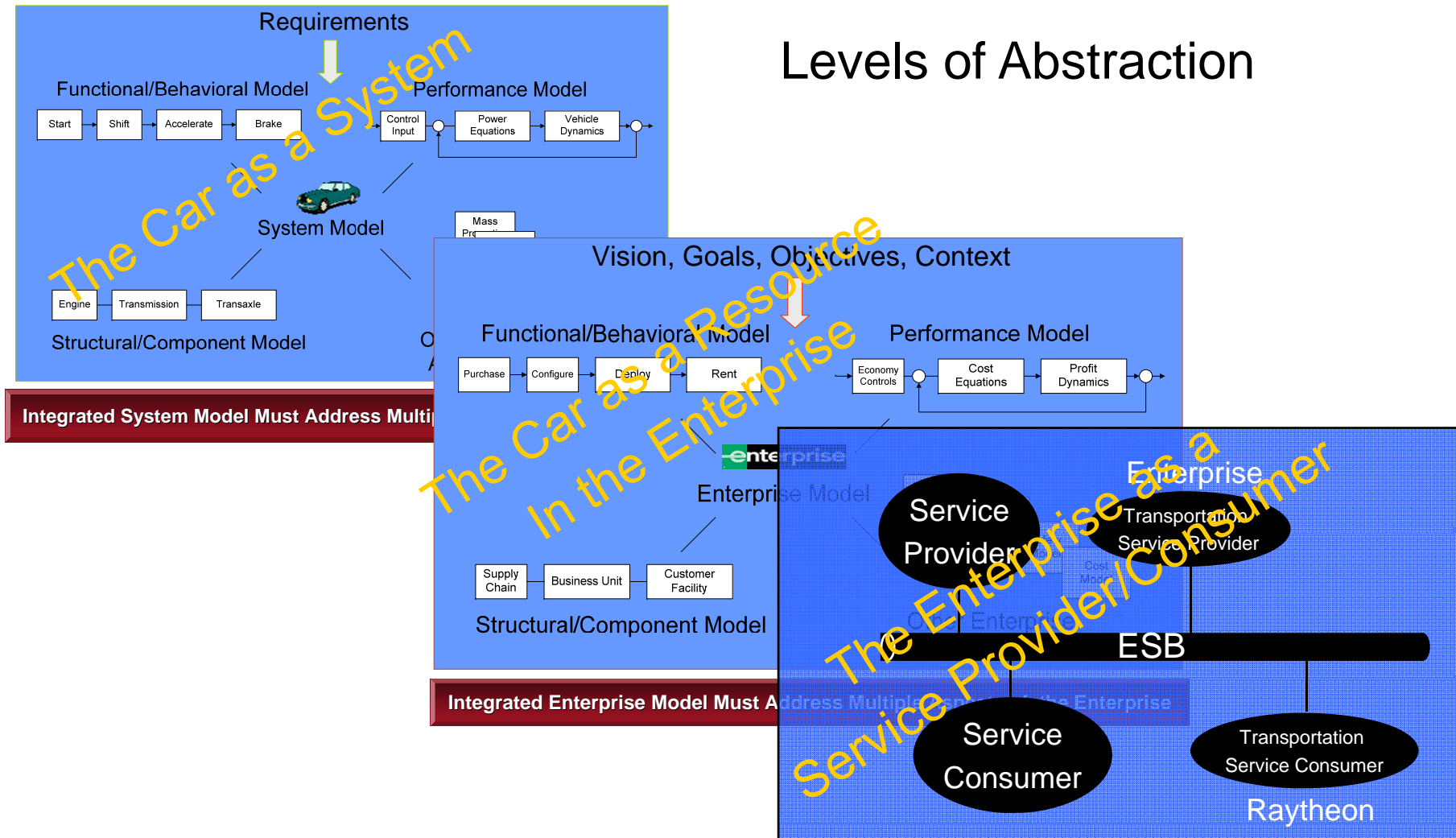


4. Parametrics

Background

SysML as an Enterprise Modeling Language

Levels of Abstraction



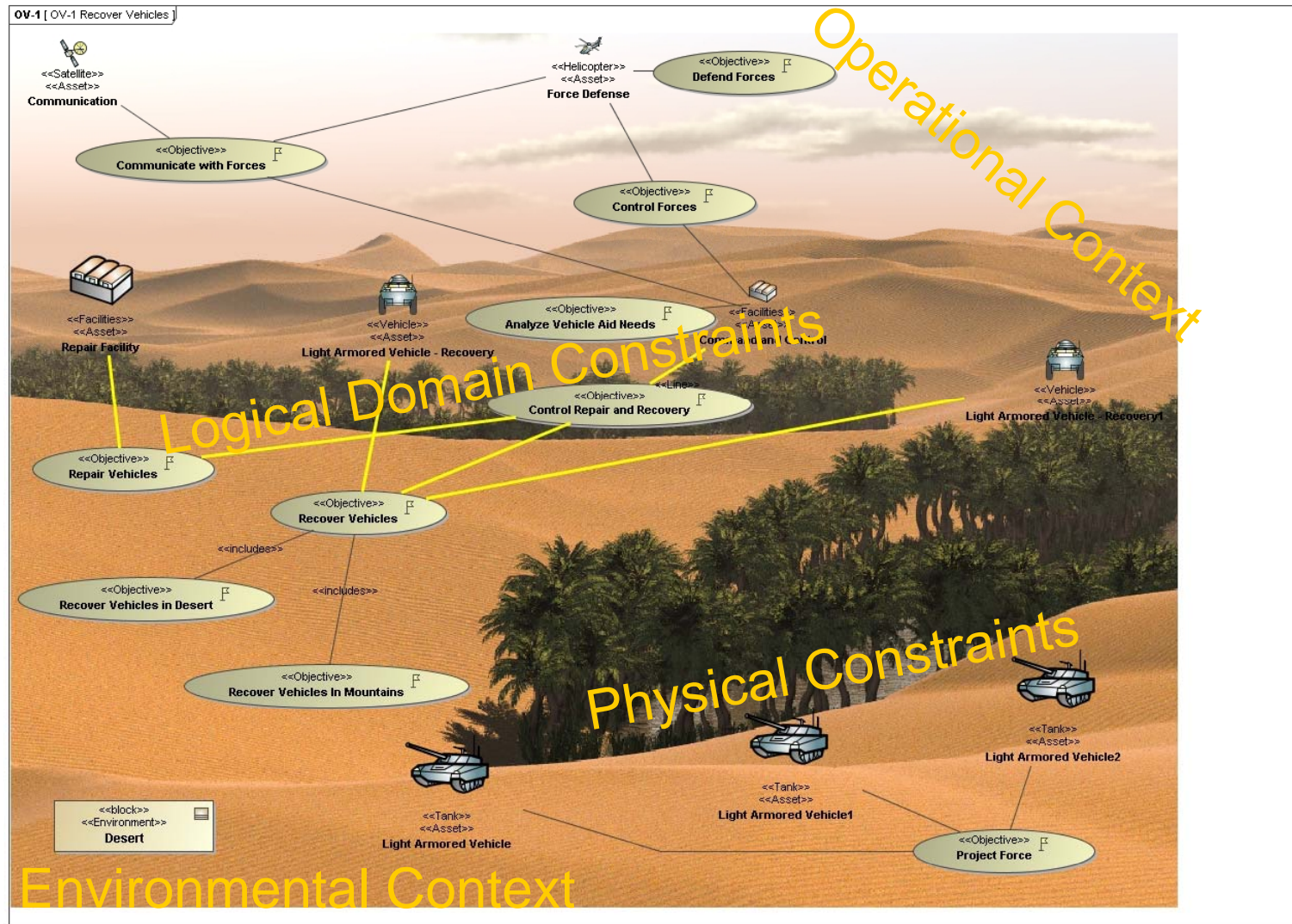
SysML/MODAF

Case Study Perspectives

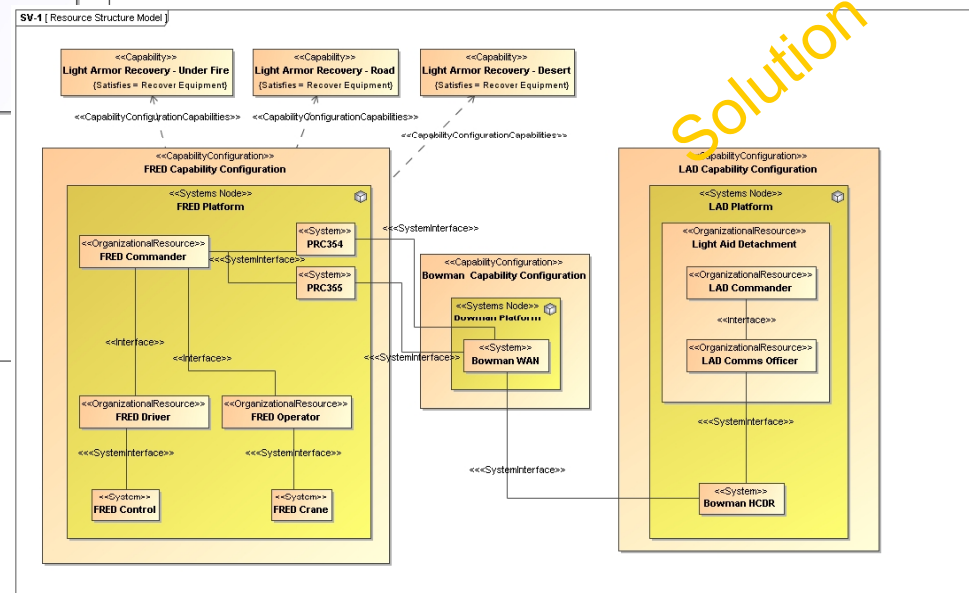
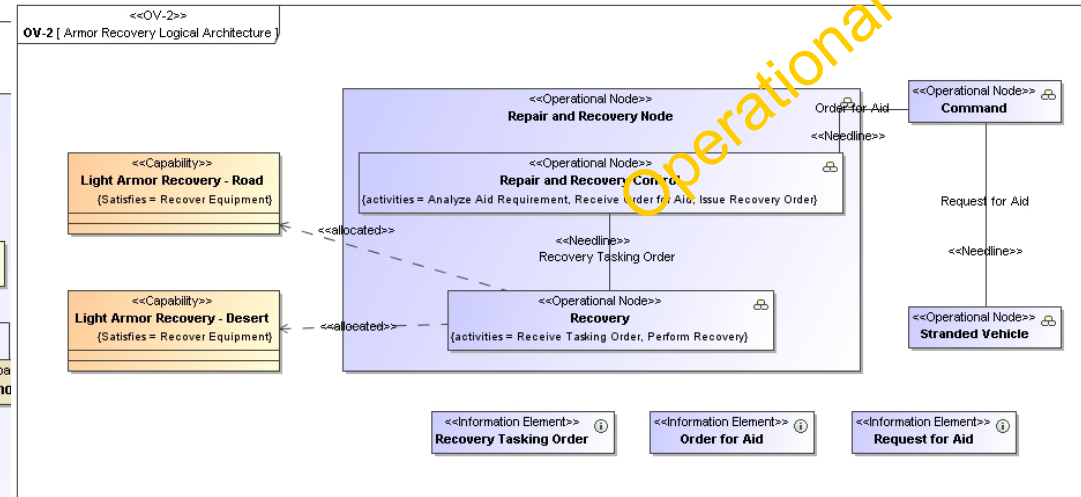
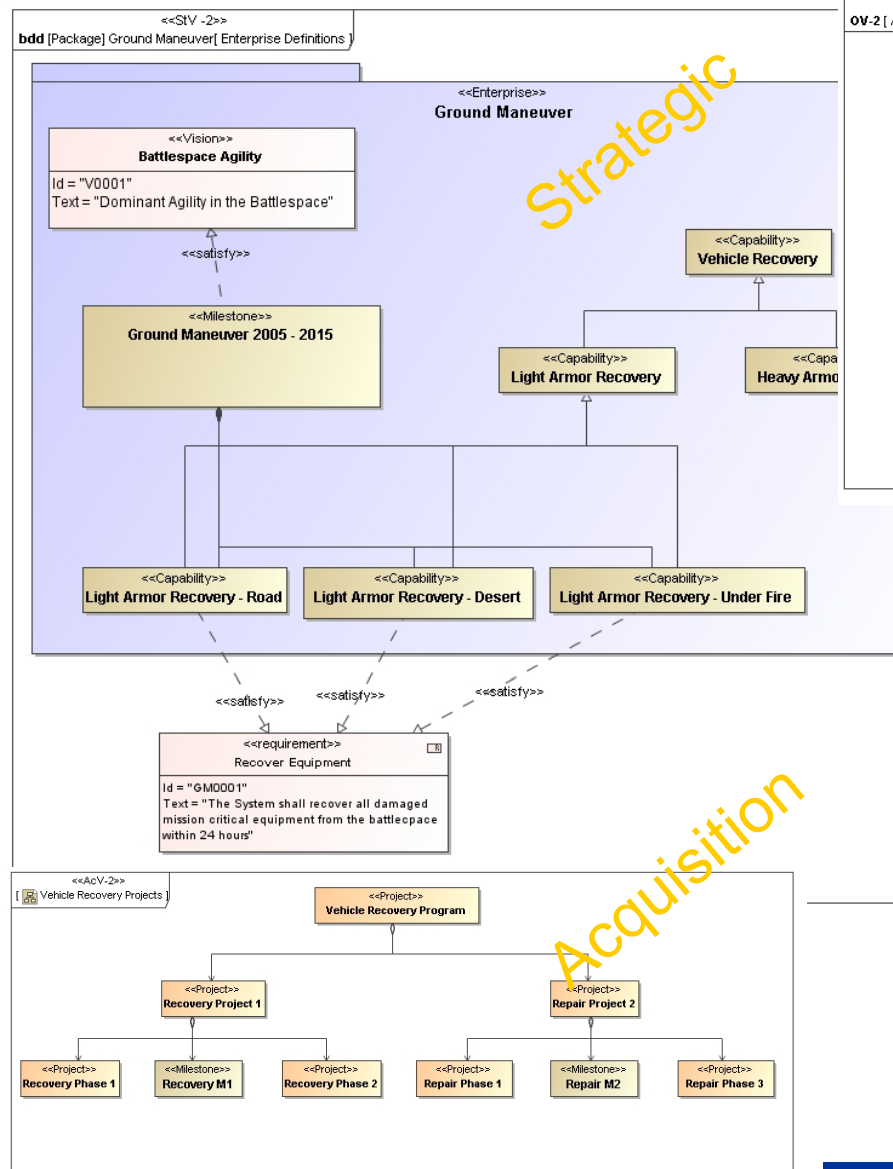
- Strategic Context
 - Model Elements: Vision, Goals, Capabilities, Stakeholders, Viewpoint, Views
- Structural
 - Model Elements: Nodes, Organizations, Systems, Components, Interfaces
- Behavioral
 - Model Elements: Scenarios, Processes, Activities, Functions, Tasks, States, Flows
- Parametric
 - Model Elements: Constraints
 - Model Elements: Properties (effectiveness measures, metrics, quality attributes)
- Programmatic
 - Model Elements: Program, Milestones, Phases, Increments, Deliverables

Note:
The OMG UPDM (UML Profile for DoDAF/MODAF) status will be presented later in these sessions. This briefing provides rationale for the simplified core model of the Compliance Level 1 in the UPDM Specification

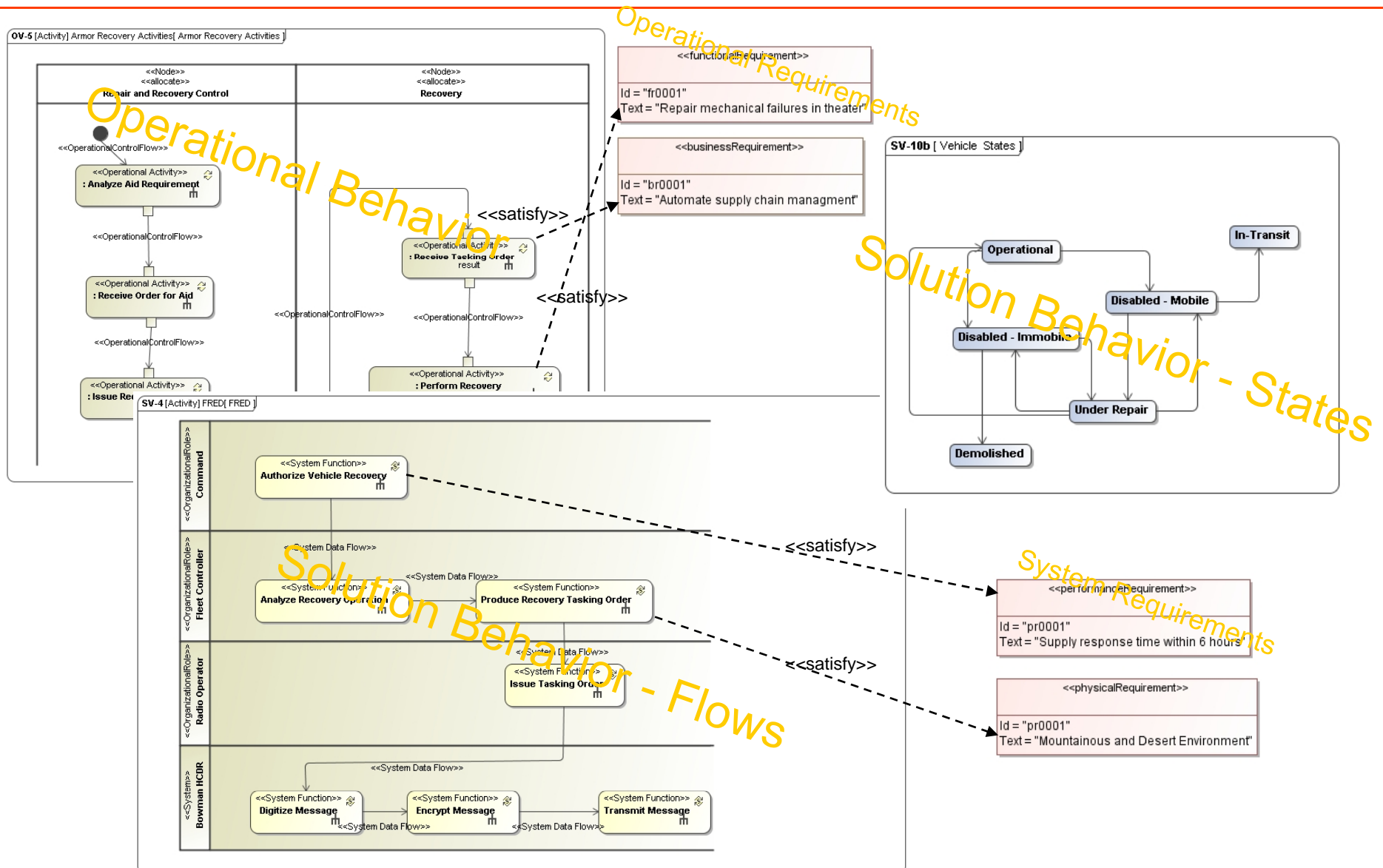
SysML/MODAF Case Study Enterprise Contextual Model



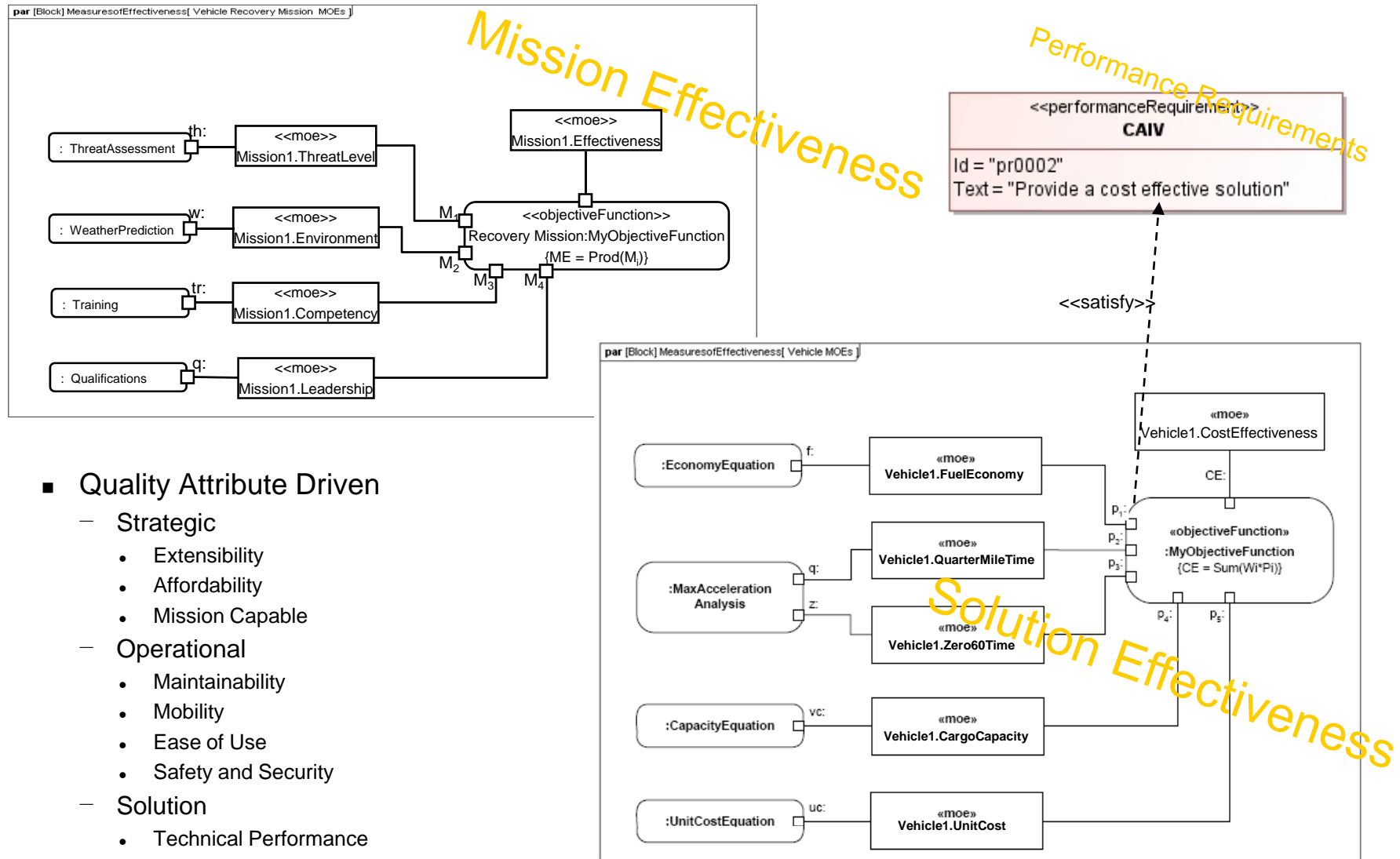
SysML/MODAF Case Study Enterprise Structural Models



SysML/MODAF Case Study Enterprise Behavioral Model



SysML/MODAF Case Study Enterprise Parametric Model



■ Quality Attribute Driven

- Strategic
 - Extensibility
 - Affordability
 - Mission Capable
- Operational
 - Maintainability
 - Mobility
 - Ease of Use
 - Safety and Security
- Solution
 - Technical Performance
 - Net Enabled

SysML/MODAF Case Study

Conclusions

- Enterprise Architecture Concepts Mapped Effectively to SysML language constructs
 - Capability, Node, System → SysML Block
 - OperationalActivity, SystemFunction → SysML Activities
 - Operational and System States → SysML States
 - Objective, Goal, Policy, Doctrine → SysML Requirement
 - Measures of Effectiveness and Performance → SysML Parametrics
- Enterprise Context based on SysML Viewpoint/View model
 - IEEE 1471 interpretation used for Enterprise Context
 - Extended SysML model with the OMG Business Motivation Metamodel
- Contractual Requirements Modeled
 - SysML Requirements framework used to map Enterprise Capabilities and Solutions to Contractual Specifications
- Enterprise Phase and Project Sequencing Visualization was SysML Tool limited
 - Exported model to visualization and project management tools